

Contents: Transportation of Hazardous Materials Offsite

Effective: June 2001

Point of Contact: <u>Transportation Safety Officer</u>

Section

Overview of Content (see section for full process)

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- 3. Packaging and Shipping Hazardous Material from Offsite to BNL
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Training Requirements and Reporting Obligations

This subject area does not contain training requirements.

This subject area may or may not contain reporting obligations. See the subject area until obligations are listed here.

Defended

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49 CFR 172.101, Hazardous Materials Table

49 CFR173.6, Materials of Trade

Chemical Management System Bar-Code Label Removal Sheet

ES&H Standard 1.3.5, Planning and Control of Experiments

ES&H Standard 1.3.6, Work Planning and Control for Operations

Guidelines for MSDS and Off-site Chemical Shipments

Hazardous Material Transportation Manual Program Description

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What Hazardous Materials Regulations Apply to Materials of Trade?

Standards of Performance

Managers shall manage work to control risks and hazards, ensure customer satisfaction, and provide a benefit to BNL.

Managers shall analyze work for hazards, authorize work to proceed, and ensure that work is performed within established controls.

All staff and users shall identify, evaluate, and control hazards in order to ensure that work is conducted safely and in a manner that protects the environment and the public.

Managers shall ensure that work is planned to prevent pollution, minimize waste, and conserve resources, and that work is conducted in a cost-effective manner that eliminates or minimizes environmental impact.

All staff and users shall ensure that they are trained and qualified to carry out their assigned responsibilities, and inform their supervisor if they are assigned to perform work for which they are not properly trained or qualified.

All staff and guests shall promptly report accidents, injuries, ES&H deficiencies, emergencies, and off-normal events in accordance with procedures.

Managers shall establish, implement, and track appropriate actions to correct weaknesses in performance and areas for improvement.

Management System

This subject area belongs to the management system.

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1.0-062001-/standard/2w/2w00t011.htm



Introduction: Transportation of Hazardous Materials Offsite

Effective: June 2001

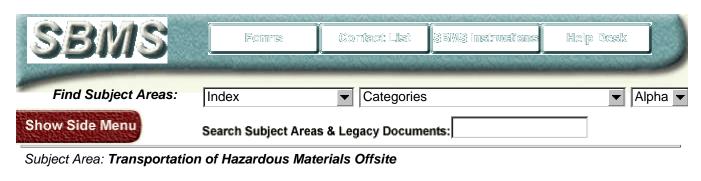
Point of Contact: <u>Transportation Safety Officer</u>

This subject area covers the step-by-step process that BNL staff and non-BNL staff must follow to ship hazardous materials to off-site locations and from off-site locations to BNL. Shipment of hazardous materials offsite must adhere to commercial requirements, such as the International Air Transport Association (IATA) and Department of Transportation (DOT) requirements. All hazardous material shipments not designated as Materials of Trade (MOT) for offsite must go through the Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office), to ensure that the shipment is made in compliance with all applicable regulations. Regulatory violations can and will result in civil and/or criminal penalties against the Laboratory and/or the individual who ships the material.

Refer to the <u>Transportation of Hazardous Material Offsite Flowchart</u> for an overview of the procedures described in this subject area. See the <u>Hazardous Material Transportation Safety</u> Management System Description for an overview of the Transportation Safety Program.

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1. Packaging and Shipping Materials of Trade (MOT)

Effective: June 2001

Point of Contact: <u>Transportation Safety Officer</u>

Applicability

This information applies to BNL staff and non-BNL staff who package and ship Materials of Trade (MOT) from BNL to an off-site location, and from an off-site location to BNL. It does not apply to materials shipped by staff in the Isotopes & Special Material Group, Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office), and Waste Management Division.

Required Procedure

Certain hazardous materials, when used in direct support of Brookhaven's business, may be transferred from one location to another by a staff member for his or her own use as "Materials of Trade," i.e., hazardous chemicals or other hazardous material which will be consumed by staff member's work. The regulations for transporting MOT are much less restrictive and are based on a quantity limit for specific Department of Transportation hazard classes. See the DOT Materials of Trade (MOT) exhibit. The BNL Materials of Trade (MOT) exhibit provides the quantity limits for MOT commonly used at BNL that can be transferred. For those materials that are not in the BNL MOT exhibit, but still fall under the DOT Materials of Trade (MOT) Hazard Classes exhibit, consult a Transportation Safety Officer (TSO). Contact the TSO or your Transportation Safety Department/Division POC for instructions on adding an MOT to the BNL MOT Exhibit.

Note: There are no MOT exclusions for transport of materials on aircraft.

Following these procedures ensures that the Laboratory is in compliance with the requirements in 49 CFR173.6, Materials of Trade.

BNL staff and non-BNL staff packaging and shipping MOT to and from BNL follow the steps below.

When packaging MOT, ensure that the following conditions are met: Incompatible chemicals are not contained in the same outer packaging (See the exhibit on Examples of Incompatible Chemicals in the Hazardous Waste Management Subject Area). Packaging is leak-tight, securely closed, secured against movement, and protected against damage. Packaging is as good as manufacturer's original packaging, or receptacles are secured against movement inside cages, bins, boxes, or compartments. Note: For example, gasoline must be in a metal or plastic container that conforms to OSHA requirements. Containers should have approval marked. Outer packaging or receptacles are marked with the common name of the hazardous material. Outer packagings are not required for receptacles that are secured against movement in carts, bins, or compartments.

- Compressed gas cylinders must nave proper DO1 markings (DO1 cylinder type, inspection date, operating pressure and manufacturer's identification stamp) and be less than 220 lbs.
- Manifolding of cylinders is allowed if valves are tightly closed.
- If material is Class 9 (hazardous material), contact the <u>Transportation Safety Officer</u> (TSO).
- Aggregrate gross weight of all MOTs on a motor vehicle must not exceed 440 lbs.
- A BNL vehicle is used whenever possible to transfer MOT associated with work at BNL.
 The driver of a BNL vehicle must follow <u>Standard Practice Instruction (SPI) 5-05</u>,
 <u>Government Vehicles</u>, and
 - The driver must possess basic hazard information on the commodity being transported (e.g., Material Safety Data Sheet);
 - The driver must read and possess a copy of the DOT Brochure <u>What Hazardous</u> <u>Materials Regulations Apply to Materials of Trade?</u>

If a private vehicle must be used, the Department/Division must communicate to the driver the following requirements:

- The driver must have a valid state driver's license appropriate for the vehicle being operated;
- The vehicle must be in good mechanical condition and have a valid state safety inspection;
- The vehicle must be insured with at least the required minimum liability insurance required by the state where the vehicle is registered;
- The driver must obey all state and local traffic rules and regulations;
- The driver must possess basic hazard information on the commodity being transported (e.g., Material Safety Data Sheet);
- The driver must read and possess a copy of the DOT Brochure What Hazardous Materials Regulations Apply to Materials of Trade?
- Reportable Quantity (RQ) must be marked on the package, if required. Contact a
 <u>Transportation Safety Subject Matter Expert</u> for assistance in determining if your package
 needs an RQ.

Note: Contact a <u>Transportation Safety Subject Matter Expert</u> for assistance in preparing MOTs.

Step 2

For hazardous material leaving site. Determine if the chemical container is bar coded with a Chemical Management System (CMS) label. If the chemical container has a CMS bar code label and you are shipping it offsite, remove the bar code label, place it on a Chemical Management System Bar-Code Label Removal Sheet, circle the SARA Environmental Code # 2-Sent off-site, and send the form to the CMS Team, Building 129.

Note: If the material will not be entirely consumed and returned to BNL within a matter of days, the CMS label may be left on the container.

Step 3

For hazardous material entering site. If you bring manufacturer-labeled chemical containers onsite by any method other than by standard acquisition (i.e, through Web Req), notify the CMS Team to have your chemical containers inventoried and bar coded for inclusion in the Chemical Management System.

References

49 CFR173.6, Materials of Trade

Chemical Management System Bar-Code Label Removal Sheet

Hazardous Waste Management Subject Area

Standard Practice Instruction (SDI) 5-05 Covernment Vahicles

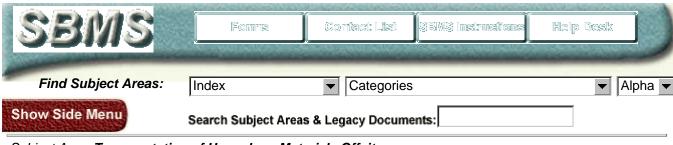
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What Hazardous Materials Regulations Apply to Materials of Trade?

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2. Packaging and Shipping Hazardous Material from BNL to Offsite

Effective: June 2001

Point of Contact: Transportation Safety Officer

Applicability

This information applies to BNL staff and non-BNL staff who package and ship hazardous material (non-Materials of Trade [MOT]) from BNL to an off-site location. It does not apply to materials shipped by staff in the Isotopes & Special Material Group, Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office), and Waste Management Division.

Required Procedure

Note: A Department/Division may develop its own internal hazardous material shipping program. The hazardous material shipping program must be in compliance with the Hazardous Material Transportation Manual Program Description and Department of Transportation 49 CFR. This program must be approved in writing by the Transportation Safety Officer and the Deputy Director for Operations before any shipments.

Shipping hazardous materials in quantities greater than MOT in personal vehicles is prohibited.

BNL staff and non-BNL staff packaging and shipping hazardous material (non-MOT) from BNL for delivery to off-site locations follow the steps below.

Step 1 Determine if the chemical container is bar coded with a Chemical Management System (CMS) label. If the chemical container has a CMS bar code label and you are shipping it offsite, remove the bar code label, even if you plan to return the material to BNL at a later date, place it on a Chemical Management System Bar-Code Label Removal Sheet, circle the SARA Environmental Code #2-Sent off-site, and send the form to the CMS Team, Building 129. If the material will be returned to BNL, follow the requirements in the section Packaging and Shipping of Hazardous Material from Offsite to BNL. Step 2 All shipping must be done through the Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office), Building 100, not the Upton Post Office. Fill out a Department of Energy Brookhaven National Laboratory Shipping Memo and supply the following information: Shipping address, including street number, receiver's name, and telephone number, if Quantity per container, container description, and count; Exact chemical composition for reagent, solution, or mixture; Chemical form, e.g., gas, solid, or liquid; Preferred transportation mode, e.g., air or ground charge code, and Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS). **Note:** Air transport is considerably more restrictive than ground transport.

Step 3	If the material to be shipped was created at BNL, and no MSDS exists for it, refer to <u>Guidelines</u> for <u>MSDS and Off-site Chemical Shipments</u> . Contact the <u>Chemical Management System</u> for assistance in developing an MSDS. The Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office) will not pickup material that does not have an MSDS.
Step 4	Contact the Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office), Building 100, at 344-2311 for pickup and delivery to Brookhaven's Shipping facility. To prepare the material for pickup by the Procurement and Property Management Division, package it in the original manufacturer's container (or equivalent), make sure that the material is secured and labeled, and obtain a copy of the MSDS to give to the driver.
	If you are delivering the material to Building 100 instead of having the Procurement and Property Management Division pick it up, fill out the On-site Transfer/Hazard Analysis Form, as described in Chapter 5 of the Hazardous Material Transportation Manual Program Description.

References

Chemical Management System Bar-Code Label Removal Sheet

Guidelines for MSDS and Off-site Chemical Shipments

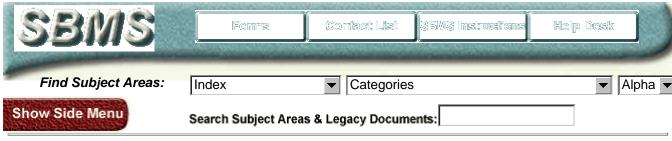
Hazardous Material Transportation Manual Program Description

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3. Packaging and Shipping Hazardous Material from Offsite to BNL

Effective: June 2001

Point of Contact: Transportation Safety Officer

Applicability

This information applies to BNL staff and non-BNL who package and ship hazardous material (non-Materials of Trade [MOT]) from an off-site location to BNL. It does not apply to materials shipped by staff in the Isotopes & Special Material Group, Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office), and Waste Management Division.

Required Procedure

BNL staff and non-BNL staff packaging and shipping hazardous material from offsite to BNL follow the steps below.

Step 1 Staff must not package and ship hazardous materials from offsite to BNL. Contact the Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office) for assistance to either Arrange to have the hazardous materials packaged and shipped through the off-site facility's shipping department; or Obtain the services of a qualified broker, which will package and ship the hazardous materials to Brookhaven in compliance with all DOT and other applicable regulations. Note: The need to ship hazardous materials from an off-site location to BNL should be anticipated during the completion of the documentation covered under ES&H Standard 1.3.5, Planning and Control of Experiments, and ES&H Standard 1.3.6, Work Planning and Control for Operations, or an existing work permit. The preparation of the documentation is used to plan for the proper shipment of hazardous materials from an off-site location to BNL. Step 2 Ship hazardous materials to U.S. Department of Energy c/o Brookhaven National Laboratory Bldg. 100, Receiving Upton, NY 11973

ATTN: Receiver's Name/Bldg/Room

Note: These materials include hazardous material that is shipped by overnight shipper, i.e., Federal Express, DHL. Hazardous material is not to be shipped directly to the location of the Department/Division using it.

References

ES&H Standard 1.3.5, Planning and Control of Experiments

ES&H Standard 1.3.6, Work Planning and Control for Operations

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Brookhaven National Laboratory Materials of Trade (MOTs)*

Material Name	Hazard Class/Package	Maximum Quantity Per Package**	Packaging Requirements	Reportable Quantity, lbs	
1 1 1 Tuishlanasthana	Group	(Container)			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane AC-500	6.1/III 8/II	66 lbs/8gal			
Acetone	3/II	66lbs/8gal			
Acetonitrile	3/II	66lbs/8gal 66 lbs/8gal			
Flammable Compressed	2.1	Cylinder <220 lbs or	Must be in government		
Gasses, including Acetylene (Dissolved), Butane, Hydrogen, Compressed,	2.1	permanently mounted tank < 70 gal	vehicle secured upright with cylinder cap on.		
Propane	2.2	G 1' 1 220 11	36		
Nonflammable Compressed Gasses, including Air gas, Compressed, Argon Gas, Compressed, Helium Gas, Compressed, Nitrogen Gas, Compressed, Nitrous Oxide, Oxygen, Compressed, Rare Gases and Nitrogen Mixtures, Compressed, Rare Gases, Mixtures, Compressed, Freon 22	2.2	Cylinder <220 lbs or permanently mounted tank < 70 gal	Must be in government vehicle secured upright with cylinder cap on.		
Ammonium Hydroxide (not more than 35%	8/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
ammonia)	C 1/III	6611 (0 1			
Asana XL Insecticide	6.1/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Avid 0.15 Emulsifiable	6.1/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Concentrate Banzel Herbicide	9/III if >250 gallons, if < 250 gallons not regulated	66 lbs/8 gal			
Battery (lead sealed)	8/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Benlate Fungicide	4.1/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Benzene	3/II	66 lbs/8 gal			
Biosperse 231	5.1/II	66 lbs/8 gal			
Biosperse 254	8/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Biosperse 261T	5.1/II	66 lbs/8 gal			
Biosperse 3001	8/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Bromine or Bromine Solutions	8/I	2lb/1pt			
Chloroform	6.1/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Chloroform	6.1/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Diesel Fuel	3/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Drew 11-625 Cooling Water Treatment	8/III	66 lbs/8 gal			
Drew 2215 Cooling Water	8/III	66 lbs/8 gal			

Treatment				
Dry Ice (carbon dioxide	9/III	66 lbs/8 gal		
solid)	9/111	00 108/6 gai		
Epoxies (Resins &				
Hardeners) See Table 1 for				
Specific Epoxies				
Ethanol/Ethyl Alcohol or	3/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Ethanol Solutions or Ethyl	0,11	3 3 3 3 W S B		
Alcohol Solutions				
Gasoline	3/II	66lbs/8 gal	Metal or Plastic, as per	
		- C	29CFR 1910.106(d)(2) or	
			1926.152(a)(1)	
Herbicides	6.1 need	Same as Pesticides		
	MSDS			
Hexane	3/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
HTH (Dry Chlorine)	5.1/II or III	66 lbs/8 gal		
Hydraulic Oil if flash point	3/II or III	66 lbs/8 gal		
>141 degrees F.				
Hydrochloric Acid	8/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Hydrofluoric Acid <60 %	8/II	66 lbs/8 gal		10
strength				
Hydrofluoric Acid >60%	8/I	2 lbs/1 pt		10
strength				
Hydrogen Peroxide <60 %	5.1/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Hydrogen Peroxide >60 %	5.1/I	1 lb/1 pt		
Isopropanol or Isopropyl	3/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
alcohol				
Kerosene	3/III	66 lbs/8 gal		
Knox Out Insecticide	9/III	66 lbs/8 gal		1
KOH, Solid	8/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
KOH, Solution	8/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Lime – A- Way	8/III	66lbs/8 gal		
Methanol	3/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Methanol	3/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Nitric Acid, <70%	8/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Nitric Acid, > 70%	8/I	2 lbs/1 pt		
Nitric Acid, Red Fuming	8/1	2 lbs/1 pt		
Paint including Paint,	3/I	1 lb/1 pt		
Lacquer, Enamel, Stain,				
Shellac Solutions, Varnish,				
Polish, Liquid Filler, and Liquid Lacquer Base				
Paint <i>or</i> Paint-related	8/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Material (Latex)	0/11	oo ios o gai		
Paint-related Material,	3/I	1 lb/1 pt		
including Paint Thinning,	3/1	1 10/1 pt		
Drying, Removing, or				
Reducing Compound				
Perchlorates, Inorganic,	5.1/II	66 lbs/ 8 gal		
n.o.s.		<i>6</i>		
Perchloric acid <50% acid	8/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
by mass				
Perchloric acid >50%, but	5.1/1	1 lb/1 pt		
< 72% Acid by Mass		_		

Pesticides	6.1? need MSDS	Typical: Concentrated < 2.5 gal Moved; dilute = 125-160 gal moved		
Potassium Hydroxide	8/II	66 lbs/ 8 gal		
Propylene Glycol (see antifreeze)				
Sodium Hydroxide	8/II	66 lbs/ 8 gal		
Sodium Hyprochlorite Solution	8/II	66lbs/8 gal		
Spray/Aerosol Cans	2.1	Max 12 cans /vehicle	Includes WD-40, Zep, etc.	
Sulfuric Acid, Fuming	8/I	2lbs/1 pt	1	
Sulfuric Acid, Spent	8/II	66lbs/8 gal		
Toluene	3/II	66 lbs/8 gal		
Traffic Marking Paint	3/I	1 lb/ 1 pt		

^{*}This list is a subset of those materials found in 49CFR 172.101 Hazardous Materials Tables, that are commonly transferred at BNL. To have a material added to this list, contact your Transportation Safety Department/Division POC or the Transportation Safety Officer.

Example 1), a MOT: Transporting 9 5-gal buckets of latex paint, each bucket weighing 45 pounds and 6 1-pt cans of paint thinner, each weighing 1 lb. The weight would be 405 lbs for the paint and 6 lbs for the thinner, or 411 pounds total, which is less than 440, the total gross weight. Twenty-nine additional pounds of MOT could be carried on that vehicle.

Example 2), not a MOT: Transporting 10 gal of hydrogen peroxide (<60% solution) in 5-gal containers, 1 gallon of hydrofluoric acid (>60%), and 1 cylinder (1A) of nitrogen gas. The weights would be 90 lbs for the hydrogen peroxide, 10 lbs for the hydrofluoric acid, and 200 lbs for the cylinder of nitrogen for a total weight of 300 lbs. This is not considered MOT because of the hydrofluoric acid, which has a limit of 2 lbs/1 pt. If, however, the solution of hydrofluoric was <60%, it could be MOT.

^{**} Quantities are based on per package weights/volumes, the total gross weight (includes package) of all MOTs on any, one vehicle cannot exceed 440 lbs.

Table 1. Epoxies

Material Name	Hazard	Maximum Quantity	Packaging		
	Class/Package Group	Per Package**	Requirements		
		(Container)			
EA 934 NA System	Not Regulated				
Part A					
EA 934 NA System	8/II	66lbs/8 gal			
Part B					
EA-40 Part A Resin	Not Regulated				
EA-40 Part B	Not Regulated				
(hardener)					
Epolite 5313 Epoxy	8/I	2 lb/1 pt			
Adhesive Hardener					
Epolite 5313 Epoxy	Not Regulated				
Adhesive Resin					
Epolite 5313 Epoxy	Not Regulated				
Adhesive Resin					
Epon Curing Agent	8/I	2 lb/ 1 pt			
Epon Resin	Not Regulated if < 119				
	gallons				
Epon Resin 826	Not Regulated				
Epon Resin 828	Not Regulated				
Epon Resin 871	Not Regulated				
Epon Resin SU-8	Not Regulated				
Epo-Thin Resin	3/1	1 lb/ 1 pt			
E-Z Lam A	Not Regulated	-			
	-				

Non-DOT Regulated Items

Anti-freeze	
Benlate 50 DF Fungicide	Marine Pollutant
Biosperse 240	
Biosperse 255	
Biosperse 288 Algistat	
Biosperse 3204	
Drax Ant Kill Gell	
Drew 2200 Cooling Water Treatment	
Hydraulic Oil	If flashpoint is >141 degrees F
Maxiforce Professional Insect Control Roach	
Killer Bait	
Motor Oil	If flashpoint is >141 degrees F
Roundup Herbicide	
Transformer Oil	If flashpoint is >141 degrees F
Vacuum Oil	If flashpoint is >141 degrees F

 $[\]ast\ast$ Quantities are based on per package weights/volumes, the total gross weight (includes package) of all MOTs on any, one vehicle cannot exceed 440 lbs.



DOT Materials of Trade (MOT) Hazard Classes

Effective: June 2001

Point of Contact: Transportation Safety Officer

MOT includes materials that fall into the MOT excludes materials that fall into the following following DOT hazard classes:* **DOT hazard classes:*** Below quantities established in 49 CFR 173.6 In any quantity, Hazardous Material Table (see the <u>BNL Materials of</u> Trade [MOT] Exhibit). Explosives Poisonous gasses (no poison by Flammable and combustible materials inhalation) Corrosive materials Spontaneously combustible Flammable solids material Oxidizers Dangerous when wet material Organic peroxides Infectious substance (Etiologic Poisonous materials agent) Radiological Material At BNL certain "samples" may be considered MOT; Hazardous Waste contact your Hazardous Materials Subject Matter Expert for assistance.

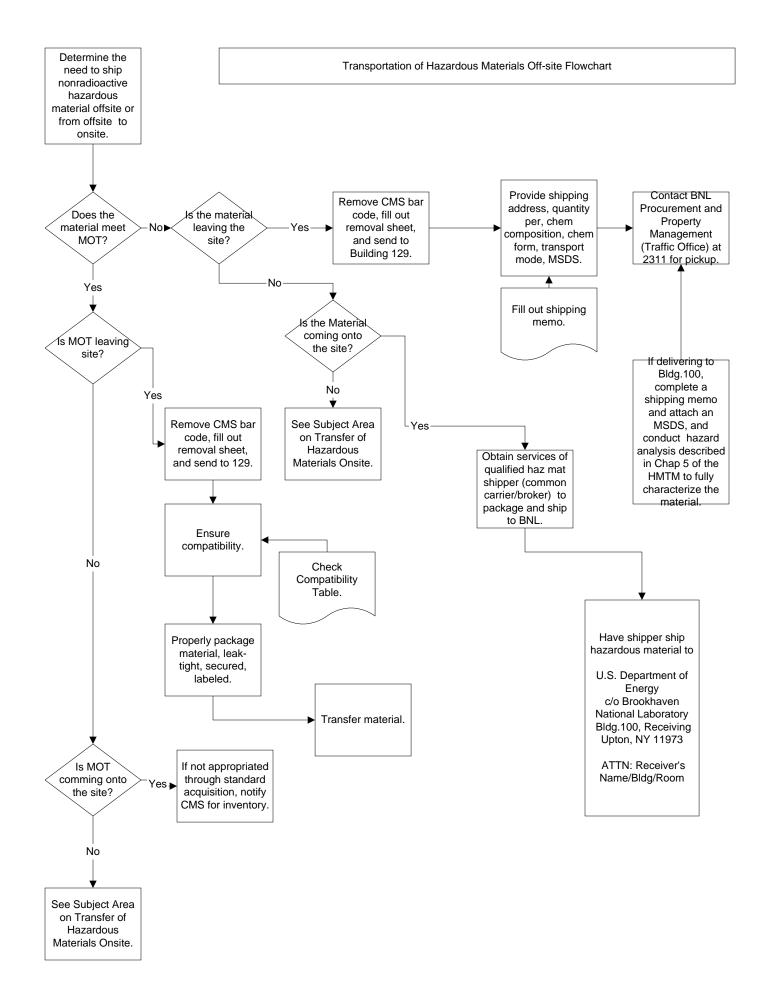
Shipping hazardous materials in quantities greater than MOT in personal vehicles is prohibited.

See the MSDS for information on the DOT hazard classification of the material being transferred, or contact either the Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office) or the Transportation Safety Officer.

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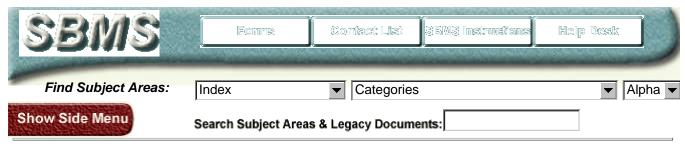


Department of Energy Department of Energy Brookhaven National Laboratory

Shipping Memo #_____

From:	ratory Buildi	ing 1 , NY	11973	Labo-	Ship	p to:								
Project #:						Activ	vity #:							
Authorized	l by:			Depa		Department:								
PO #:						Buye	er's Na	me:						
Requested	By:					Date	:					eceiving		
Check one	<u>:</u> P	PD	Collect	Surf	ace	Air	Me	etho	d of Shipm	ent	•	port	<u>, </u>	
Dept. Cont	act:			<u> </u>	Ext.		ct.			Matl. Location:				
Does this s			volve capita No	al equipment?			No. of	f Pie	ces:	Gross Weight:				
				Yes	Yes No Date Matl.		Received	;	l .		pping Clo	erk:		
Radioactive	e													
Possible C	ontam	inatio	on											
Was RCD	Contac	eted?												
				Yes	No	Date Entered:			Dat	e Shipped	l :			
Hazardous														
Was RDC	Contac	ted?												1
Quantity			Unit	Description					Uni	t Cost	Total			
Reason for Shipment:									l					
Justification for Premium														
Transport														
SOP 171.4) &/or														
additional														
This mater	This material meets Department of Transportation Hazardous Material Regulations.													

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Definitions: Transportation of Hazardous Materials Offsite

Effective: June 2001

Point of Contact: <u>Transportation Safety Officer</u>

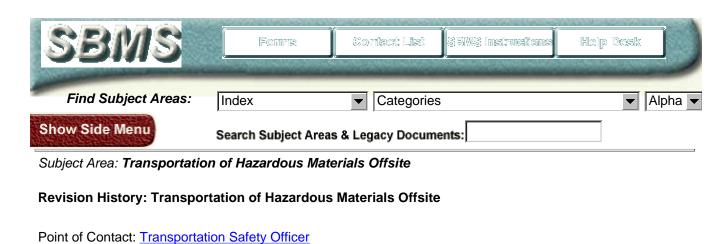
Term	Definition					
hazardous material	A substance that has been determined to pose an unreasonable risk to health, safety, and property when transported in commerce. A hazardous material includes hazardous waste and hazardous substances.					
Materials of Trade (MOT)	Certain hazardous materials, when used in direct support of Brookhaven's business, may be transferred from one location to another by a staff member for his or her own use as Materials of Trade, i.e., hazardous chemicals or other hazardous material that will be consumed by a staff member's work. The regulations for transporting MOT are much less restrictive and are based on a quantity limit for specific Department of Transportation hazard classes. The BNL Materials of Trade (MOT) Exhibit provides the quantity limits for MOT commonly used at BNL that can be transported.					
reportable quantity	The quantity specified in Table 1 of Appendix A to 49 CFR 172.101.					
Transportation Safety Department/Division Point of Contact (POC)	Each Department/Division that has a need to ship or receive any radiological and/or hazardous material will have an established point of contact for transportation safety matters. The TSO or designee, TSWG members, and SMEs normally interact with organizational points of contact. These contacts are designated by the Department/Division management. Usually one of the following is identified as the contact: ESH&Q Representative or ES&H Coordinator. (The contact may also be an SME if training is obtained and maintained). The contact assists in determining transport requirements. If further clarification is needed, the TSO or a Transportation Safety SME is consulted.					
Transportation Safety Subject Matter Experts (SMEs)	Staff designated as SMEs for transportation safety are trained and qualified in a specific area of expertise (e.g., radiological, hazmat, air transport). The TSO or designee, TSWG members, and POCs normally interact with Transportation Safety Subject Matter Experts. The SMEs are designated by the Department/Division management and approved by the TSO. The SMEs are expected to work in compliance with work planning and BNL transportation safety requirements.					

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Revision History of this Subject Area

Date	Description	Management System
June 2001	This subject area covers the step-by-step process that BNL staff and non-BNL staff must follow to ship hazardous materials to off-site locations and from off-site locations to BNL. Shipment of hazardous materials offsite must adhere to commercial requirements, such as the International Air Transport Association (IATA) and Department of Transportation (DOT) requirements. All hazardous material shipments not designated as Materials of Trade (MOT) for offsite must go through the Procurement and Property Management Division (Traffic Office), to ensure that the shipment is made in compliance with all applicable regulations. Regulatory violations can and will result in civil and/or criminal penalties against the Laboratory, and/or the individual who ships the material.	Hazardous Material Transportation Safety

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